

第3章 2 「2重積分の計算（その2）」 第3回

解答

1. (1) -2
 (2) 0
 (3) $\frac{1}{2}(e^3 - e^2 - e + 1)$
 (4) $e - 1$

解説

1. (1)
$$\begin{aligned} & \iint_D \cos(x+y) dx dy \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} \cos(x+y) dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\sin(x+y) \right]_0^{\pi} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \{ \sin(x+\pi) - \sin x \} dx \\ &= \left[-\cos(x+\pi) + \cos x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\ &= \left(-\cos \frac{3}{2}\pi + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - (-\cos \pi + \cos 0) \\ &= (-0 + 0) - \{ -(-1) + 1 \} \\ &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

(2)
$$\begin{aligned} & \iint_D \sin(x-y) dx dy \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(x-y) dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\cos(x-y) \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \cos x \right\} dx \\ &= \left[\sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \sin x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\ &= \left(\sin 0 - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \left\{ \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \sin 0 \right\} \\ &= (0 - 1) - (-1 - 0) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

(3)
$$\begin{aligned} & \iint_D e^{x+2y} dx dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_0^1 e^{x+2y} dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{1}{2} e^{x+2y} \right]_0^1 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (e^{x+2} - e^x) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [e^{x+2} - e^x]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \{ (e^3 - e) - (e^2 - 1) \} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (e^3 - e^2 - e + 1) \end{aligned}$$

(4)
$$\begin{aligned} & \iint_D e^x \cos y dx dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^x \cos y dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left[e^x \sin y \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 (e^x \sin \frac{\pi}{2} - e^x \sin 0) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 e^x dx \\ &= [e^x]_0^1 \\ &= e - 1 \end{aligned}$$