

## 第3章 4 「部分積分法」 第1回

解答

1. (1)  $(x - 1)e^x + C$

(2)  $x \sin x + \cos x + C$

(3)  $-x \cos x + \sin x + C$

(4)  $\frac{1}{4}(2x - 1)e^{2x} + C$

(5)  $-(x + 1)e^{-x} + C$

(6)  $(x + 1) \sin x + \cos x + C$

(7)  $\frac{1}{4}(2x \sin 2x + \cos 2x) + C$

(8)  $\frac{1}{4}(-2x \cos 2x + \sin 2x) + C$

2. (1)  $\frac{1}{4}x^2(2 \log x - 1) + C$

(2)  $x(\log x - 1) + C$

解説

1. (1)  $\int xe^x dx$

$$= xe^x - \int (x)' e^x dx$$

$$= xe^x - \int e^x dx$$

$$= xe^x - e^x + C$$

$$= (x - 1)e^x + C$$

(2)  $\int x \cos x dx$

$$= x \sin x - \int (x)' \sin x dx$$

$$= x \sin x - \int \sin x dx$$

$$= x \sin x + \cos x + C$$

(3)  $\int x \sin x dx$

$$= x(-\cos x) - \int (x)'(-\cos x) dx$$

$$= -x \cos x + \int \cos x dx$$

$$= -x \cos x + \sin x + C$$

(4)  $\int xe^{2x} dx$

$$= x\left(\frac{1}{2}e^{2x}\right) - \int (x)' \frac{1}{2}e^{2x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}xe^{2x} - \int \frac{1}{2}e^{2x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}xe^{2x} - \frac{1}{4}e^{2x} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(2x - 1)e^{2x} + C$$

(5)  $\int xe^{-x} dx$

$$= x(-e^{-x}) - \int (x)'(-e^{-x}) dx$$

$$= -xe^{-x} + \int e^{-x} dx$$

$$= -xe^{-x} - e^{-x} + C$$

$$= -(x + 1)e^{-x} + C$$

$$(6) \int (x + 1) \cos x dx \\ = (x + 1) \sin x - \int (x + 1)' \sin x dx \\ = (x + 1) \sin x - \int \sin x dx \\ = (x + 1) \sin x + \cos x + C$$

$$(7) \int x \cos 2x dx \\ = x\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x\right) - \int (x)' \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x\right) dx \\ = \frac{1}{2}x \sin 2x - \int \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x dx \\ = \frac{1}{2}x \sin 2x + \frac{1}{4} \cos 2x + C \\ = \frac{1}{4}(2x \sin 2x + \cos 2x) + C$$

$$(8) \int x \sin 2x dx \\ = x\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x\right) - \int (x)' \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x\right) dx \\ = -\frac{1}{2}x \cos 2x + \int \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x dx \\ = -\frac{1}{2}x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + C \\ = \frac{1}{4}(-2x \cos 2x + \sin 2x) + C$$

2. (1)  $\int x \log x dx$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \int \frac{1}{2}x^2 (\log x)' dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \int \frac{1}{2}x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}x^2(2 \log x - 1) + C$$

(2)  $\int \log x dx$

$$= x \log x - \int x (\log x)' dx$$

$$= x \log x - \int 1 dx$$

$$= x \log x - x + C$$

$$= x(\log x - 1) + C$$