

第3章 6 「極座標による2重積分 (その3)」 第3回

解答

1. (1) $\frac{56}{3}$
- (2) 3
- (3) $\frac{8}{3}$
- (4) $\frac{2}{11}$
- (5) $\frac{7}{24}$

解説

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. (1) \iint_D y dx dy &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_2^4 r \sin \theta r dr d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_2^4 r^2 \sin \theta dr \right\} d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_2^4 r^2 dr \right\} \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{3} r^3 \right]_2^4 \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{56}{3} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{56}{3} \left[-\cos \theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\
 &= \frac{56}{3} \{-0 - (-1)\} \\
 &= \frac{56}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2) \iint_D \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_1^4 \frac{r \sin \theta}{r^2} r dr d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_1^4 \sin \theta dr \right\} d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_1^4 dr \right\} \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[r \right]_1^4 \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= 3 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= 3 \left[-\cos \theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\
 &= 3 \{-0 - (-1)\} \\
 &= 3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3) \iint_D x (x^2 + y^2) \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy &= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} r \cos \theta r^2 \sqrt{r^2} r dr d\theta \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} r^5 \cos \theta dr \right\} d\theta \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} r^5 dr \right\} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{6} r^6 \right]_0^{\sqrt{2}} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{4}{3} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{4}{3} \left[\sin \theta \right]_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\
 &= \frac{4}{3} \{1 - (-1)\} \\
 &= \frac{8}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (4) \iint_D y (x^2 + y^2)^4 dx dy &= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^1 r \sin \theta (r^2)^4 r dr d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^1 r^{10} \sin \theta dr \right\} d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^1 r^{10} dr \right\} \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{11} r^{11} \right]_0^1 \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{11} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{11} \left[-\cos \theta \right]_0^{\pi} \\
 &= \frac{1}{11} \{-(-1) - (-1)\} \\
 &= \frac{2}{11}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (5) \iint_D \frac{x}{(x^2 + y^2)^3} dx dy &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_1^2 \frac{r \cos \theta}{(r^2)^3} r dr d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_1^2 \frac{1}{r^4} \cos \theta dr \right\} d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_1^2 \frac{1}{r^4} dr \right\} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[-\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{r^3} \right]_1^2 \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \left(-\frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{3} \right) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{7}{24} \left[\sin \theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\
 &= \frac{7}{24} (1 - 0) \\
 &= \frac{7}{24}
 \end{aligned}$$