

第3章 3 「2重積分の計算（その3）」 第2回

解答

1. (1) $e^3 - 1$
 (2) $\frac{1}{4}$
 (3) $\frac{4}{15}$
 (4) $\frac{13}{12}$
 (5) $\frac{1}{2}$
 (6) $\frac{\pi}{8}$

解説

1. (1)
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D dx dy &= \int_0^3 \left\{ \int_0^{e^x} dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^3 [y]_0^{e^x} dx \\ &= \int_0^3 e^x dx \\ &= [e^x]_0^3 \\ &= e^3 - 1 \end{aligned}$$

(2)
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D x dx dy &= \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} x dx \right\} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_0^{\sqrt{y}} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} y dy \\ &= \left[\frac{1}{4} y^2 \right]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

(3)
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D \sqrt{x} dx dy &= \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_0^{1-x} \sqrt{x} dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 [\sqrt{xy}]_0^{1-x} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{x}(1-x) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 (\sqrt{x} - x\sqrt{x}) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left(x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx \\ &= \left[\frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{2}{5} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \right]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{4}{15} \end{aligned}$$

(4)
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D y dx dy &= \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_{y^2}^{y+2} y dx \right\} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 [yx]_{y^2}^{y+2} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \{y(y+2) - y^3\} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 (-y^3 + y^2 + 2y) dy \\ &= \left[-\frac{1}{4} y^4 + \frac{1}{3} y^3 + y^2 \right]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{13}{12} \end{aligned}$$

(5)
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D x dx dy &= \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_{x^2}^{-x^2+2} x dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 [xy]_{x^2}^{-x^2+2} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \{x(-x^2+2) - x^3\} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 (-2x^3 + 2x) dx \\ &= \left[-\frac{1}{2} x^4 + x^2 \right]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

(6)
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D y dx dy &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_0^{\sin x} y dy \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{2} y^2 \right]_0^{\sin x} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 x dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 - \cos 2x) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sin \pi \right) - \left(0 - \frac{1}{2} \sin 0 \right) \right\} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{8} \end{aligned}$$